INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

BUSINESS TAXATION

OBJECTIVE:

To examine the principles and application of Malaysian income tax law on businesses. Reference is also made to case law

Contents:

Business Source

- Definition of business
- Badges of trade
- Commencement and cessation of business
- Basis of assessment
- · Capital and revenue receipts where cases are included
- Deductibility of expenses; cases are included
- Computation of business income

Deductions for Capital Expenditure

- Capital Allowances and Charges:
 - definition of plant and machinery
 - determination of Initial allowance, Annual allowance, Balancing allowance and Balancing charge
 - 10% rule
 - Claw back of Capital Allowances and the exception
- Controlled sales:
 - controlled transfer
- Industrial Building Allowances (IBA):
 - definition of Industrial Building
 - determination of Initial allowance, Annual allowance, Balancing allowance and Balancing charge
 - 75% rule
- Agriculture Allowance
- Forest Allowance
- Mining allowance
- Disposals subject to control

Basis Periods

- Commencement of accounting period
- Changes of accounting date
- Failure year and overlapping period
- Legislative changes

Single-tier Dividend System

Advantages and disadvantages

Partnerships

- Existence of a partnership
- Characteristics of a partnership
- Ascertainment of provisional adjusted income/ loss, divisible income/ loss
- Limited Liability partnership
- Change in partners
- Computation of partners total income, chargeable income and tax payable

Corporate Taxation

- Determination of residence status of companies
- Significance of residence status
- Self-assessment system

Computation of Tax Liability

- Treatment of losses
- Determination of chargeable income
- Computation of tax payable
- Allowable and disallowed expenses
- Double deductions
- Specific deductions