

Student Guide

Student guide last updated: 10 June 2019 Amended syllabus effective date: December 2019 Examinations



The Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia

INSTITUTE's MISSION

To be the premier body providing effective institutional support to members and promoting convergence of interest with the government, using taxation as a tool for the nation's economic advancement; to attain the highest standard of technical and professional competency in revenue law and practice supported by an effective secretariat.



CONTENTS

			Page		
1	INSTITU	ITE'S MISSION	1		
2	CONTENTS				
3	IMPORTANT NOTICE TO STUDENTS				
4	PREFACE				
5	RESOURCE CENTRE				
6	TAXATION AS A CAREER				
7	CATEGORIES OF CTIM QUALIFICATION AND MEMBERSHIP				
8	ENTRANCE QUALIFICATIONS				
9	EXEMPTIONS				
10	DIRECT ENTRANCE TO CTIM ASSOCIATE MEMBERSHIP – ACTIM				
11	EXAMINATION STRUCTURE				
12	EXAMIN	IATION REGULATIONS	11		
13	GENERAL EXAMINATION INFORMATION				
14	EXAMINATION SYLLABUS & READING LIST				
	i.	Financial Accounting	16		
	ii.	Personal Taxation	18		
	iii.	Economics	20		
	iv.	Business Taxation	23		
	۷.	Advanced Taxation 1	26		
	vi.	Company and Business Law	29		
	vii.	Revenue Law	31		
	viii.	Advanced Taxation 2	44		
15	Append	dix 1	49		
16	List of STPM equivalent qualifications Appendix 250				
	List of other entry level qualifications				
17	Appendix 3				
18	List of recognized local institutions of higher learning Appendix 4				

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO STUDENTS

Students are advised to understand the student guide and use it as a source of reference. Other Institutes publications consisting of: quarterly Tax Guardian, Rules and Regulations on Professional Conduct and Ethics and Budget Commentaries are useful references for examinations. These books are available in the Resource Centre for reference. All important notices for students will be published in the Institute's journal. Please ensure that you received a copy of the quarterly journal and have read all important notices relevant to the examination.

Communicating with the Institute

- Quote your registration number in any communication.
- Notify the Institute of any change of address immediately, amending and returning the subscription notice or by email: examination@ctim.org.my

Annual Subscription Fee

- You are advised to pay the subscription promptly. The annual subscription is due on 31st January each year, your registration is liable to be cancelled if the fee is not received by 31st March.
- When making a payment to the Institute by money order, credit card VISA / MASTER, postal orders or cheques, state the name, registration number and the purpose for the payment
- DO NOT SEND CASH. All cheque or other bank payments must be made in Malaysian Ringgit and payable to 'CHARTERED TAX INSTITUTE OF MALAYSIA'.

Legislation

Questions involving knowledge of legislation will be based on Malaysian Legislation and students are expected to have knowledge of any current changes in legislation. However, no questions on new legislation will be set until at **least 6 months have lapsed** since the last day of the month in which Royal Assent was given to the new legislation.

PREFACE

This guide provides information for students, their employers, career advisers and teachers. It contains general information about the Institute as well as details of student membership requirements.

Registered students should keep this guide and refer to it on all matters concerning their student membership. Notification of any changes in requirements or arrangements will be given in the Institute's postal notifications and/or e-CTIM.

The Institute's office is open from 8.30 am to 5.30 pm from Monday to Friday.

RESOURCE CENTRE

Access

The Resources Centre is open to members and registered students of Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia

Resource Centre Hours

Monday - Friday 8:30 am - 5:30 pm

The **Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia Resource Centre** is situated at the following address:

The Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia Unit B-13-1, Block B, 13th Floor Megan Avenue II No. 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng, 50450 Kuala Lumpur

The materials in the Resource Centre are for reference only and borrowing is strictly not allowed. Students are required to register prior to usage of the Resource Centre. Students who require a place to study are encouraged to use the public libraries.

TAXATION AS A CAREER

The Institute wishes to congratulate you in your interest in the field of taxation and as a New Student Member of the Institute. Knowledge in taxation can provide the quantum leap and added value in whatever that you do in your career, either in the field of management, accounting, law or even as a tax agent. As the saying goes, there is nothing in this world as certain as death and taxes.

The Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia (CTIM) is the ONLY professional body in Malaysia to provide an entry into the world of taxation. Its objective is to train and build a pool of qualified taxation personnel as well as to foster and maintain the highest standard of professional ethics and competency among its members.

Tax is not just the application of simple rules. One has to be well versed in the legislation, have the ability to research into case law, keep in touch with the administrative/technical practices of the tax authorities, and be able to express thoughts and opinions in writing as well as exhibit diplomacy and tact in order to get the right results. It is in other words, an exciting profession. Practical training in the field of taxation will develop individuals to be planners, strategists and decision makers. Tax professionals are in demand because all organisations - whether small, medium or large conglomerates require taxation advice, whether in compliance work such as furnishing tax computations or in an advisory capacity in tax planning work. Other functions of a tax professional are:

- i. Advising on structuring of executive remuneration packages;
- ii. Advising on types of investment incentives provided by the government;
- iii. Advising on restructuring and reorganisation schemes which may involve transfers of shares, real property, trading stock, fixed assets, debtors, etc.;
- iv. Advising both local and foreign investors on the type of business structures that may be more tax efficient;
- v. Cross border tax planning.

The tax profession is interesting, well paid, and one can find employment in public accounting firms, the commercial sector or even the Inland Revenue Board or start your own tax practice.

CATEGORIES OF CTIM QUALIFICATIONS AND MEMBERSHIP

The Institute offers the following qualifications upon successful completion of the Institute's Professional Examinations

- Upon completing the Intermediate level, a tax technician certificate will be awarded. With this certificate, the student should have sufficient capabilities to do tax compliance work such as filling of tax returns recognised by Malaysian tax firms
- On **completion of the Final Level**, students will be awarded either/or the following categories of membership:
 - i. **Provisional member of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia** while awaiting 5 years tax working experience.
 - ii. Associate member of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia on completion of relevant 5 years tax working experience. This qualification carries the title ACTIM and denotes professional status.

ENTRANCE QUALIFICATIONS

The Institute has 3 categories of entry qualifications for its examinations, the categories are as follows:

- 1. STPM, ITS EQUIVALENT AND NON-ACCOUNTING RELATED DIPLOMAS AND DEGREES
- 2. ACCOUNTING DIPLOMAS AND DEGREES LOCAL AND OVERSEAS QUALIFICATIONS
- 3. PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING QUALIFICATIONS

1. STPM, ITS EQUIVALENT AND NON- ACCOUNTING RELATED DIPLOMAS AND DEGREES

Students with **STPM or its equivalent** are eligible to sit for the Institute's examinations with the following requirements:

- i. Has attained the age of seventeen (17)
- ii. Has obtained a SPM with credits in English Language and Mathematics and an ordinary pass in Bahasa Malaysia or equivalent
- iii. Has obtained principal level passes in at least two subjects (excluding Kertas Am/Pengajian Am) at the STPM examination or its equivalent.

(Refer to the list of qualifications equivalent to the STPM in **Appendix 1**)

Non-accounting degrees, diplomas and professional qualification from both local and overseas institutions - are considered as meeting entry requirements

(Refer **Appendix 2** for List of other entry level qualifications)

<u>Note:</u> Students with the above minimum entry qualification will not be granted any exemptions for the examination.

2. ACCOUNTING DIPLOMAS, DEGREES AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING QUALIFICATIONS – LOCAL AND OVERSEAS QUALIFICATIONS

Applicants who are **not members of Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA)** will be eligible for exemption at the discretion of the Council with the following qualifications:

- i. Recognised Degrees in Accounting Local and overseas qualifications
- ii. Advanced Diploma in Accounting local and overseas qualifications

(Refer Appendix 3 for list of recognised local institutions of higher learning)

 PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING QUALIFICATIONS - Full members of Local and Overseas Accountancy Bodies with no taxation working experience will be eligible for subject exemptions at the discretion of the Council

(Refer **Appendix 4** for List of Professional Accountancy bodies recognised)

EXEMPTIONS:

The Institute grants subject(s) exemptions based on the level of the qualifications attained and the relevance of the course content as determined by the Council. For non-relevant degree/diploma from both local and overseas institutions of higher learning, subject exemptions will be granted if the subject has been covered in the degree/diploma program for at least 2 semesters or one academic year.

All applications for exemption or evaluation of qualification for possible exemption must be made in prescribed forms available from the CTIM office at the time of registration as a student. Appropriate fees must be paid immediately upon receipt of the Exemption Invoice.

The Council may at its discretion grant additional exemptions to the Institute's examinations to registered students who have obtained relevant additional qualifications, abilities or experience by producing evidence to the satisfaction of the committee.

DIRECT ENTRANCE TO CTIM ASSOCIATE MEMBERSHIP - ACTIM

The following persons are eligible to apply for membership to the Institute without having to sit for the CTIM Examinations subject to the following requirements:

- 1. Any person who has passed the Advanced Course examination conducted by the Department of Inland Revenue or the Inland Revenue Board Malaysia or the relevant examination conducted by Royal Customs Malaysia, as determined by the Council, and who has not less than five (5) years' experience in practice or employment relating to taxation matters approved by the Council;
- Any person whether in practice or in employment who for the purposes of the Income Tax Act, 1967 as amended or an advocate or solicitor of the High Court of Malaya, Sabah and Sarawak and who has had not less than three (3) years practical experience in practice or employment relating to taxation matters approved by the Council;
- 3. Any person who is registered with MIA as a Chartered Accountant with a Practising Certificate and who has had not less than three (3) years' experience in practice or employment relating to taxation matters approved by the Council;
- 4. Any person who is registered with MIA as a Chartered Accountant and who has had not less than three (3) years practical experience in practice or employment relating to taxation matters approved by the Council after passing the examinations specified in Part I of the First Schedule or the final examinations of the associations of accountants specified in Part II of the First Schedule to the Accountants Act 1967;
- Any person who is registered with MIA as a Licensed Accountant and who has had not less than five (5) years practical experience in practice relating to taxation matters approved by the Council after admission as a licensed accountant of the MIA under the Accountants Act, 1967;
- 6. Any Registered Student or Provisional Member who has passed the examinations prescribed under Article 13 (unless the Council shall have granted exemption from such examinations or parts thereof in accordance with Article 14) and who has had not less than five (5) years practical experience in practice or employment relating to taxation matters approved by the Council;
- Any person who is a full member of any professional body approved by the Council or who has any other relevant qualification approved by the Council and who had not less than five (5) years practical experience in practice or employment relating to taxation matters.

EXAMINATION STRUCTURE

The new examination syllabus which becomes effective December 2014 was undertaken with the recommendation by the Examination Committee and approved by the CTIM Council and endorsed in the AGM in June 2014.

The syllabus was revised to keep the syllabus current by incorporating the various changes in tax law. The examination was restructured to provide students with a new qualification after completing the intermediate level. The Institute hopes that these changes will bring value to the CTIM Professional Qualification and students receive the intended benefits.

The CTIM Examinations are held bi-annually in June and December and comprises 2 levels, details are as follows

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

- (2010) Financial Accounting
- (2020) Personal Taxation
- (2030) Economics
- (2040) Business Taxation

Students are required to complete the Intermediate Level before proceeding to the Final Level.

FINAL LEVEL

(3010) Advanced Taxation 1

(3020) Company and Business Law

(3030) Revenue Law

(3040) Advanced Taxation 2

Fees & Subscription

	RM
Registration fees	250.00
Subscription (calendar year)	180.00

Exemption fees/ Examination fees

Intermediate Level	150.00
Final Level	180.00

EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

1. Eligibility for Examination

1.1. No person shall be eligible to sit for any of the Institute's examination unless he is a registered student of the Institute. The Institute's examination structure comprises of 2 levels; Intermediate Level and Final Level.

1.2. Intermediate Level

A student may not sit for the Intermediate Level Examination until three months qualifying period have elapsed since the date of registration.

1.3. Final Level

A student may not sit for the Final Level Examination unless he has passed or been granted exemption from all papers in the Intermediate Level Examination. Where such exemption has been granted, the student is eligible to attempt the Final Level Examination papers.

1.4. Qualifying Period

The qualifying period that a student must complete before he is entitled to present himself as a candidate for an examination refers to the period which has elapsed since the date of registration as a student of the Institute prior to the first day of the month in which the examination is held. For this purpose, the period is deemed to have commenced from the first day of the month in which the student was registered with the Institute.

2.0 Examination registration

Examination Notification and Entry Form will be sent to all active students notifying the dates of the examination and closing date for examination entry. Students are required to register for the examination by completing the examination entry forms and submitting the forms by post, fax or e-mail to CTIM. The application must be accompanied by:

- **2.1** The appropriate fee payable in respect of the examination.
- **2.2** A certificate in the form prescribed by the Examination Committee that the candidate is a fit and proper person to be admitted to the examination. The certificate is to be signed by his current employer or a member of the Institute.

3.0 Acceptance of Entries

Once the completed entry forms and payments are received it is updated into the database and an automatic receipt is generated. This official receipt is posted to the student and this acknowledges acceptance of examination entry. Late entries will not be accepted for any examination and no allowance shall be made for any special circumstances nor for any error or omission by the candidate, or by any person acting on his behalf.

4.0 Refund of Examination Fees

If after payment of the examination fee, a candidate withdraws his examination entry, the fee may be wholly or partly refunded as follows:

- **4.1** A candidate whose request to withdraw from an examination is received **before the examination closing date**, a refund will be made after deducting 20% of the fee paid
- **4.2** A candidate whose request to withdraw from an examination is received **after the examination closing date** the fee paid will not be refunded
- **4.3** a candidate who, by reason of illness, withdraws from an examination after the examination closing date or who is absent from all papers in an examination for which he has entered; the Committee may on receipt of satisfactory medical evidence grant refund in such circumstances as it may deem fit.
- **4.4** An application for such a refund of fees must be submitted, with supporting evidence, within twenty-eight days of the start of the examination for which the candidate has entered. A sum equivalent to 20% of the fee paid will be deducted from the fee paid when the refund is made.

5.0 Time Limit to Complete Examination

The Institute's examinations must be completed within 16 years from the year of registration as a student. The Examination Committee may in specific circumstances, extend the number of attempts for a student following the completion of this time limit but such extension will be limited to no more than 3 attempts. If the student does not attempt any examination paper for a continuous period of 3 years the student will be deregistered following the end of the 3rd year. The Examination Committee may grant an exemption from this rule on special grounds on appeal by the student

6.0 Misconduct in Examination

Any candidate who is found guilty of misconduct in an examination shall be liable to disciplinary action being instituted against him by the Examination Committee/Council. Misconduct includes, inter alia: being in possession of any books, notes or other unauthorised material while in the examination room; aiding, or attempting to aid another candidate or obtaining, or attempting to obtain aid from another candidate; failing to obey any instruction of the invigilators; giving false or misleading information to the invigilators.

7.0 Examination Results

7.1 Declaration of Results

The decision of the Examination Committee in regard to a candidate's examination result is final and no correspondence shall be entered into with the candidate himself, his employer, his parents or any persons or organisations claiming interest.

7.2 Performance

Candidates will be advised of their performance in each paper classified as either a Pass (P) or Fail (F).

8.0 Prizes

Prizes are awarded to candidates whose performance in an examination is outstanding based on the following basis:

- **8.1** A prize for best performance will be awarded for all Taxation papers and other papers as determined by Council.
- **8.2** Best performance in the Intermediate Level/Final Level will be awarded to students who have passed all papers in that level with the highest total marks as decided by the examination committee.

GENERAL EXAMINATION INFORMATION

1. Date of Examination

The Institute's examinations are held bi-annually, usually in the month of June and December.

2. Notice of Examination

An examination docket is sent to each examination candidate about 1 month before the examination date stating the examination number, the examination Level, subjects entered and the location of the examination Centre.

On receipt of this docket, a candidate should check carefully the information contained therein. Candidates are advised to read carefully the detailed instructions which accompany the docket. If he has any doubt, he should contact the Institute's Examination Officer immediately.

3. Rejected Application

Where an applicant has been refused permission to sit for any parts of the examination, he may make appeal in writing for reconsideration giving his reasons within 7 days of the notification. Such appeal shall be considered by the Examination Committee whose decision shall be final.

4. Examination Centre

The usual centres for the holding of the Institute's examinations are at Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh, Penang, Melaka, Kota Bharu, Johor Bahru, Kuantan, Kota Kinabalu and Kuching. A candidate may elect to sit at the centre of his choice. However, if the total number of candidates sitting for any paper at a particular centre is too few, the candidates will be instructed to go to another centre.

5. Medium of Examination

The Institute's examinations are set in the English Language. A candidate may elect to write the examination in either the English Language or Bahasa Malaysia but he must ensure that only one language is being used throughout a particular examination paper.

6. At the examination hall

Students are required to present the docket, student registration card, Identity Card at the examination hall.

i) Candidates sitting for:

a. Personal Taxation

b. Business Taxation papers

are allowed to bring into the Examination hall for reference:

i. Income Tax Act 1967

- ii) Candidates sitting for:
 - a. Revenue Law
 - b. Advanced Taxation 1
 - c. Advanced Taxation 2 papers

are allowed to bring into the Examination hall the following Acts for reference:

- i. Income Tax Act 1967
- ii. Real Property Gains Tax Act 1976
- iii. Stamp Act 1949
- iv. Promotion of Investments Act 1986
- v. Sales Tax Act 2018 & Service Tax Act 2018
- iii) Candidates sitting for **Company and Business Law** are allowed to bring into the Examination hall the **Companies Act 2016** for reference.

EXAMINATION SYLLABUS & READING LIST

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To develop knowledge and understand the underlying principles and concepts relating to financial accounting.
- 2. Preparation of financial statements and related supporting documents.

CONTENTS:

- (A) Accounting concepts and principles
- (B) Effect of business transactions
- (C) Double entry accounting systems
- (D) Books of original entry/types of ledger
- (E) Balancing off accounts and pre-adjusted Trial Balance
- (F) Bank reconciliation statement errors/ timing and permanent difference

(G) Other entries:

- 1. Accruals and prepayments
- 2. Depreciation and disposals of assets
- 3. Provision for bad and doubtful debts
- 4. Inventory valuation
- (H) Control accounts Debtors and Creditors control account
- (I) Correction of errors journalizing / suspense accounts and adjusting financial statements
- (J) Accounting treatment for shares and debentures
- (K) Conceptual framework Financial reporting
- (L) Preparations of financial statements for:
 - 1. Sole Traders
 - 2. Incomplete records
 - 3. Clubs and societies
 - 4. Partnerships (including LLB)
 - 5. Company
- (M) Manufacturing companies manufacturing accounts
- (N) Company reconstructions internal and external reconstruction and capital reduction
- (O) Branch accounts separate and combined financial statement for head office and branch

(P) Preparation and analyzing statement of cash flow

(Q) Ratios

READING LIST - FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

- Malaysia Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS): MFRS5, MFRS7, MFRS9, MFRS101, MFRS102, MFRS107, MFRS108, MFRS110, MFRS111, MFRS112, MFRS116, MFRS117, MFRS118, MFRS119, MFRS120, MFRS121, MFRS123, MFRS126, MFRS132, MFRS133, MFRS136, MFRS137, MFRS138, MFRS139, MFRS140.
- 2. International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS): IFRS5, IFRS9, IFRS15
- 3. Wood, F. Business Accounting 1 (Latest edition)
- 4. Wood, F. Business Accounting 2 (Latest edition)
- 5. Betsy Li, Tan Sai Kim, Goh Ling Chin. Principles of Accounts. (Latest edition)
- 6. Jane Lazar & Huang Ching Choo. Financial Reporting Standards for Malaysia (Latest edition)

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL PERSONAL TAXATION

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To examine the understanding of the basic concepts and principles of taxation.
- To examine the application of taxation principles for the computation of tax on income derived from Employment and other income. Section 4(b) to 4(f) of the Income Tax Act, 1967 ("the Act")
- 3. To examine the tax administrative aspects involving sole proprietor or partners in a partnership.

<u>Note:</u> Tax computation involving business income and adjustments for non-deductible items are not tested in this paper.

CONTENTS:

(A) Scope Of Charge and Basis of Taxation

- 1. Understanding the taxation system in Malaysia
- 2. Scope of charge (Section 3 of the Act)
- 3. Classes of income chargeable to tax (Section 4 of the Act)
- 4. Exemptions applicable to individuals (Schedule 6 of the Act)
- 5. Chargeable persons (Section 2 of the Act)

(B) Residence of Individuals (Section 7 of the Act)

- 1. Determination of residence status
- 2. Significance of residence status

(C) Employment Income [Section 4(b) & Paragraph 13(1) of the Act]

- 1. Meaning of employment
- 2. Distinction between contract of service and contract for services
- 3. Gains or profits from employment
- 4. Derivation of employment income
- 5. Valuation of benefits-in-kind
- 6. Deductible expenses
- 7. Compensation for loss of office
- 8. Gratuities, Golden handshakes
- 9. Share options, incentive schemes and profit sharing schemes
- 10. Exemptions specifically applicable to employment income (Schedule 6 Paragraph 21 of the Act)

(D) Other Sources of Income [Section 4(c) to Section 4(f) of the Act]

- 1. Dividends
- 2. Interest
- 3. Discounts
- 4. Rents
- 5. Royalties
- 6. Premiums
- 7. Pensions
- 8. Periodical payments
- 9. Annuities
- 10. Single-tier dividends

- 11. Distribution of income from Unit trust
- 12. Distribution of income from REIT
- 13. Derivation of other sources of income
- 14. Deductible expenses
- 15. Non-deductible expenses
- 16. Other gains or profits

(E) Personal Reliefs and Rebates (Section 46 to Section 49 & Section 6 of the Act)

(F) Computation of Tax Liability (Section 38 to Section 45 of the Act)

- 1. Taxation of individuals
- 2. Taxation of husband and wife
- 3. Determination of employment income and income from other sources
- 4. Computation of adjusted income, statutory income, aggregate income, total income, chargeable income, tax chargeable and tax payable.
- 5. Separate assessment and joint assessment

(G) Tax Administration

- 1. Organizational structure of the Ministry of Finance, Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia and the Royal Malaysian Customs Department.
- 2. Duties and powers of the Director General of Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia
- 3. Returns and Assessments including deadlines for submission and payments
- 4. Monthly deduction and final tax
- 5. Collection and recovery (Section 103 of the Act)
- 6. Appeals process
- 7. Administrative aspects of non-resident and of residents i.e. employees and business owners
- 8. Compensation for late refund
- 9. Tax estimates, tax installments and underestimation of tax for sources other than employment income
- 10. Powers of the Director General of Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia to restrict persons leaving Malaysia
- 11. Key deadlines for submission of the return forms and payment
- 12. Penalties for late submission or late payment of outstanding tax
- 13. Offences and other penalties
- 14. Responsibilities to notify of chargeability to tax

READING LIST - PERSONAL TAXATION

- 1. Income Tax Act 1967. (as amended)
- 2. Public Rulings and Operational Guidelines.
- 3. Jeyapalan Kasipillai. A Guide to Malaysian Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 4. Veerinderjeet Singh. Veerinder on Malaysian Tax Theory and Practice. (Latest edition)
- 5. Choong Kwai Fatt. Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 6. Tax Guardian, Journal of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL ECONOMICS

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of this course is to equip the student with a sound understanding of the fundamental principles of microeconomics and macroeconomics, and be able to apply models and concepts.

The course is divided into two parts - microeconomics and macroeconomics.

CONTENTS:

A. Introduction to Economics

- 1. Why study economics? Economics as the study of scarcity and choice
- 2. Microeconomics and macroeconomics: difference, objectives and scope
- 3. The building blocks of economic analysis: assumptions; models; positive and normative analysis; graphs and curves; slope and elasticity; cause and effect

(Chapters 1 and 2 of Mankiw 2014.)

Microeconomics

B. Demand and Supply: How Markets Work and Welfare Aspects

- 1. Market forces of demand and supply: determinants of individual demand and supply; interaction of demand and supply: market equilibrium
- 2. Elasticity of demand and supply: concepts of elasticity of demand and supply, their determinants, calculations, and implications
- 3. Demand, supply and government policies: taxes, and price controls
- 4. Consumer surplus and producer surplus
- 5. Taxation: deadweight loss of taxation and its determinants; tax revenue
- (Chapters 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Mankiw 2014.)

C. Government Intervention in Markets

- 1. Externalities and market inefficiency: negative and positive externalities; private solutions to externalities; government intervention regulations, taxes and subsidies, use of permits
- 2. Public goods: nature of public goods; the free rider problem; common resources (Chapters 10 and 11 of Mankiw 2014.)

D. Firm Behaviour and the Organization of Industry

- 1. Costs of production: total cost, total revenue, and profit; opportunity costs; economic profit; production function and total cost curve; measures of costs (fixed, variable, average, marginal) and their relationships (including analysis of curves); short-run and long-run costs
- 2. Firms in competitive markets
- 3. Monopolistic competition
- 4. Oligopoly

5. Monopoly

(Chapters 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 in Mankiw 2014.)

E. Markets for Production Factors

- 1. Demand for labour: production function; marginal product of labour
- 2. Labour market equilibrium: marginal productivity in equilibrium; labour demand and labour supply schedules
- 3. Land and capital

(Chapter 18 in Mankiw 2014.)

Macroeconomics

F. Measuring National Income and the Cost of Living

- 1. The measurement of Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Product; their components
- Measuring the cost of living: real versus nominal measurements; accounting for inflation; the Consumer Price Index – its measurement and use; GDP deflator (Chapters 23 and 24 in Mankiw 2014.)

G. The Real Economy in the Long Run, Saving and Investment, and Government Budgets

- 1. Economic growth and its determinants; production function
- 2. Importance of saving and investment; some important identities; market for loanable funds
- 3. Government budgets

(Chapters 25 and 26 in Mankiw 2014.)

H. The Monetary System

- 1. Money: what is money?; functions of money
- 2. The central bank: its functions and operations
- 3. Banks and the money supply process: fractional reserve banking; money creation through the banking system; money multiplier; tools of monetary control (reserve requirements; open market operations; discount rate etc.)

(Chapter 29 of Mankiw 2014.)

I. Inflation

- Causes of inflation: money supply, money demand and equilibrium; price levels and value of money; money neutrality; quantity equation and velocity of money; Fisher effect
- 2. Costs of inflation

(Chapter 30 of Mankiw 2014.)

J. Unemployment

- 1. The measurement of unemployment; labour force participation; natural rate of unemployment
- 2. Types of unemployment
- 3. Causes of unemployment

(Chapter 28 in Mankiw 2014.)

K. International Trade

- 1. Advantages of trade
- 2. Absolute and comparative advantage
- 3. Arguments for restricting trade

(Chapters 3 and 9 of Mankiw 2014.)

L. Open Economy Macroeconomics

- 1. Introduction to balance of payments account
- 2. International flow of goods: imports and exports; trade balance
- 3. International flow of capital: net foreign investment
- 4. Relationship with saving and investment
- 5. Exchange rates: determination in market; real and nominal; exchange rate regimes fixed and flexible
- 6. Equilibrium in the open economy

(Chapters 31 and 32 in Mankiw 2014.)

M. Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply

- 1. Business cycle/economic fluctuations: short-run and long-run
- 2. Aggregate demand curve
- 3. Relationship between aggregate demand and national income
- 4. Aggregate supply curve
- 5. Interaction of AD and AS curves
- 6. Causes of downturn/recession
- 7. Short-run trade-off between inflation and unemployment: Phillips curve; role of expectations and supply shocks
- (Chapters 33 and 35 in Mankiw 2014.)

N. Impact of Monetary and Fiscal Policies on Aggregate Demand

- 1. Monetary policy: liquidity preference theory money demand and money supply, money market equilibrium; changes in money supply; the central bank and interest rate
- 2. Fiscal policy: effects of government expenditure; multiplier effect; crowding-out phenomenon; impact of taxes
- 3. Stabilization policy: the case for and against; automatic stabilisers
- 4. Short-run and long-run economic outcomes

(Chapter 34 in Mankiw 2014.)

READING LIST – ECONOMICS

N. Gregory Mankiw. **Principles of Economics** (7th edition) (2014), Cengage Learning.

(Note that earlier editions can also be used.)

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL BUSINESS TAXATION

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To examine the understanding of the principles of basis period.
- 2. To examine the principles of deductible and non-deductible expenses.
- 3. To examine the computation of Schedule 3 Allowances of the Income Tax Act, 1967 ("the Act").
- 4. To examine the principles and application of Malaysian income tax law on businesses.
- 5. To examine the understanding of key principles in selected case laws (see *List of Cases* below).

CONTENTS:

- (A) Business Source (Section 12, Section 24, Section 33, Section 34 & Section 39 of the Act)
 - 1. Definition of business
 - 2. Commencement and cessation of business
 - 3. Derivation of business income
 - 4. Capital and revenue receipts (case laws are included)
 - 5. Deductibility of expenses (case laws are included)
 - 6. Computation of business income

(B) Special Classes of Income (Section 4A of the Act)

(C) Capital Allowances (Schedule 3 of the Act)

- 1. Plant and Machinery
 - a. Definition of plant and machinery
 - b. Determination of Initial Allowance, Annual Allowance, Notional allowance, Balancing Allowance and Balancing Charge
 - c. Claw back of Capital Allowances and the exception
- 2. Industrial Building Allowances
 - a. Definition of Industrial Building
 - b. Determination of Initial Allowance, Annual Allowance, Notional Allowances, Balancing Allowance and Balancing Charge
- 3. Agriculture Allowance
- 4. Forest Allowance
- 5. Disposals subject to control

(D) Basis Periods

- 1. Commencement of accounting period
- 2. Changes of accounting date
- 3. Failure years and overlapping period

(E) Partnerships

- 1. Existence of a partnership
- 2. Characteristics of a partnership
- 3. Ascertainment of provisional adjusted income/loss, divisible income/loss
- 4. Change in partners
- 5. Allocation of capital allowance to partners
- 6. Computation of partners' total divisible income, chargeable income and tax payable

(F) Limited Liability Partnership

- 1. Tax treatment of remuneration of partners
- 2. Tax treatment of Limited Liability Partnership

(G) Withholding Tax

- 1. Section 107A of the Act: Contract payment to non-resident contractors in respect of services under a contract
- 2. Section 109 of the Act Payment of interest and royalty to non-residents
- 3. Section 109A of the Act Payment to non-resident public entertainers
- 4. Section 109B of the Act Payments to non-residents for :
 - a. Services in connection with use of property
 - b. Technical and non-technical services under Section 15(b) of the Act
 - c. Rents for use of movable property
- 5. Section 109F of the Act Gains and profits falling under Section 4(f) of the Act

(H) Corporate Taxation

- 1. Determination of residence status of companies
- 2. Significance of residence status
- 3. Self-assessment system
- 4. Computation of Tax Liability
- 5. Treatment of losses
- 6. Computation of tax payable
- 7. Allowable expenses (Section 33 & 34 of the Act)
- 8. Disallowable expenses (Section 39 of the Act)
- 9. Double deductions
- 10. Determination of adjusted income, statutory income, aggregate income, total income and chargeable income

(J) Tax Administration

- 1. Organizational structure of the Ministry of Finance, Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia and the Royal Malaysian Customs Department
- 2. Duties and powers of the Director General of Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia
- 3. Taxpayers' responsibilities to notify chargeability to tax and record-keeping
- 4. Returns and Assessments
- 5. Monthly tax installments and final tax
- 6. Compensation for late refund of income tax
- 7. Tax estimates and revised estimates, including deadlines and penalties
- 8. Collection and recovery
- 9. Appeals
- 10. Offences and penalties

READING LIST – BUSINESS TAXATION

- 1. **Income Tax Act 1967.** (as amended)
- 2. Public Rulings and Operational Guidelines.
- 3. Jeyapalan Kasipillai. A Guide to Malaysian Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 4. Choong Kwai Fatt. Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 5. Veerinderjeet Singh. Veerinder on Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 6. CCH Tax Editors. Malaysian Master Tax Guide. (Latest edition)
- 7. Tax Guardian, Journal of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia

Business Taxation – *List of Cases*

The following tax cases below may be tested in the Business Taxation paper where relevant.

- 1. Port Elizabeth Electric Tramway Co Ltd v CIR
- 2. Ward & Co Ltd v CIT
- 3. Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Multi-Purpose Holdings Bhd
- 4. The Law Shipping Co Ltd v CIR
- 5. Odeon Associated Theatres Ltd v Jones
- 6. Bullcroft Main Collieries Ltd v O'Grady
- 7. Samuel Jones & Co v CIR
- 8. English Crown Spelter Co Ltd v Baker
- 9. Charles Marsden & Sons Ltd v CIR
- 10. Allen v Farquharson Brothers & Co
- 11. CIR v Alexander von Glehn
- 12. Curtis v J&G Oldfield Ltd
- 13. Mallalieu v Drummond
- 14. UDI Sdn Bhd v DGIR
- 15. NV Alliance Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
- 16. Ketua Pengarah HDN v Eli Lili (M) Sdn Bhd
- 17. Fernrite Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN

FINAL LEVEL ADVANCED TAXATION 1

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To examine the application of advanced aspects of Malaysian taxation
- 2. To examine the principle and tax treatments of specialized industries
- 3. To examine the principle and tax treatment of Real Property Gains Tax.

CONTENTS:

(A) Estates

- 1. Allocation of income & tax computation deceased individual & executor(s)
- 2. Domicile status of deceased & tax implications
- 3. Annuity & distribution
- 4. Remuneration of executor(s)
- 5. Time-frame to raise tax assessment on deceased individual

(B) Trusts

- 1. Residence status & significance
- 2. Fixed trusts
- 3. Discretionary trusts
- 4. Trust with accumulation
- 5. Distributable income
- 6. Statutory income from ordinary source
- 7. Mixed trusts
- 8. Tax credit for beneficiary
- 9. Resident trust & resident beneficiary Section 61(2) of the Income Tax Act ("the Act")

(C) Settlements – Section 65(1) to (4) of the Act

(D) Unit Trusts

- 1. Special deduction for qualifying expenditure (at 10%)
- 2. Permitted expenses & fraction deductible
- 3. Similarities/Differences in tax treatments (in comparison with REIT/IHC)
- 4. Computation of tax payable

(E) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REIT)

- 1. Sources of income rent as business income
- 2. Exempt income
- 3. Deduction of expenses & capital allowances
- 4. Exemption of total income & requirements
- 5. Distribution of dividends & withholding tax implications

(F) Business Trusts

(G) Co-operative Societies

- 1. Exemption for co-operative societies Schedule 6, Paragraph12 of the Act
- 2. Determination of gross income
- 3. Special deductions in arriving at chargeable income

(H) Trade Association and Clubs

- 1. Definition
- 2. Residence status
- 3. Determination of gross income
- 4. Income tax exemption

(I) Trade Union

- 1. Tax administration
- 2. Tax treatment
- 3. Exemption

(J) Charitable Institutions

- 1. Legislation
- 2. Approved institution/ organization status
- 3. Tax treatment
- 4. Tax rate

(K) Investment Holding Company (IHC)

1. Unlisted IHC

- a. Definition and determination of IHC status
- b. Permitted expenses & fraction deductible
- c. Computation of tax payable
- d. Differences in tax treatments (in comparison with listed IHC or investment dealing company)

2. Listed IHC

- a. Deemed business
- b. Allocation of common expenses & capital allowances
- c. Disregarding of excessive expenses & unutilized capital allowances
- 3. Tax Treatment

(L) Leasing

- 1. Legislation & regulations
- 2. Meaning of lease
- 3. Leasing as a separate source of income (Regulation 2)
- 4. Tax treatment for lessor & lessee
- 5. Tax implication
- 6. Allocation of common expenses and capital allowances between leasing business and non-leasing business
- 7. Cross border leasing

(M) Property Developer & Construction

- 1. Commencement date
- 2. Pre-commencement expenses
- 3. Revenue recognition
- 4. Treatment of expenses
- 5. Stock withdrawal for own use
- 6. Transfer of assets into trading stock
- 7. Disposal of real property whether carrying on a business

(N) Investment Incentives

- 1. Pioneer Status
- 2. Investment Tax Allowance
- 3. Reinvestment Allowance

(O) Real Property Gains Tax

- 1. Principles and scope of charge
- 2. Chargeable assets (including leases & options) and persons
- 3. Exemptions
- 4. Computation of chargeable gains and allowable losses
- 5. Tax rates
- 6. Circumstances of 'disposal price deemed equal to acquisition price' & 'no loss & no gains' treatment
- 7. Connected persons
- 8. Circumstances to apply market value
- 9. Conditional contract
- 10. Returns and assessments
- 11. Payment and recovery of tax
- 12. Responsibilities of disposer/acquirer
- 13. Consequences of non-compliance
- 14. Real property company (RPC)

(P) Taxation of Specialized Industry

Note: Students are expected to know the overall aspects. World scope, remittance basis, bilateral relief/unilateral relief are inclusive

1. Banking industry

2. Insurance industry

- a. Life insurance
- b. General insurance
- c. Offshore insurance
- d. Inward re-insurance
- 3. Sea and air transport undertaking
 - a. Resident operator and exemption under s54A
- 4. Plantation
- 5. Forest

READING LIST – ADVANCED TAXATION 1

- 1. **Income Tax Act 1967.** (as amended)
- 2. Public Rulings and Operational Guidelines.
- 3. Jeyapalan Kasipillai. A Guide to Malaysian Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 4. Choong Kwai Fatt. Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 5. Choong Kwai Fatt. Advanced Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 6. Veerinderjeet Singh. Veerinder on Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 7. CCH Tax Editors. Malaysian Master Tax Guide. (Latest edition)
- 8. Tax Guardian, Journal of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia

FINAL LEVEL COMPANY AND BUSINESS LAW

OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Examine the understanding of the laws relating to limited companies, sole proprietorships, partnerships, limited liability partnerships and other business organizations.
- 2. Examine the understanding of the laws relating to contracts, agency contracts, negotiable instruments, sale of goods and hire-purchase.

CONTENTS:

A. COMPANY LAW

- 1. Types of companies and corporate personality
- 2. Veil of incorporation
- 3. Formation and registration procedures
- 4. Memorandum and articles of association
- 5. Share capital, maintenance of capital, reduction of capital, share buyback and dividends
- 6. Appointment, removal and compensation of directors
- 7. Statutory duties, common law duties and powers of directors
- 8. Company meetings and rules for meetings
- 9. Company secretaries qualification, duties and liabilities
- 10. Reconstructions, mergers and take-overs
- 11. Liquidation

B. BUSINESS LAW

- 1. Law of Contract
- 2. Negotiable instruments bills of exchange and cheque
- 3. Laws relating to agency, sale of goods and hire purchase
- 4. Formation procedures of business organizations i.e. sole proprietorships, partnerships and limited liability partnerships (other than limited companies)

READING LIST - COMPANY AND BUSINESS LAW

READING LIST - COMPANY LAW

Recommended Text

1. Loganathan Krishnan, Parimaladevi Rajoo & Anne Chrishanthani Vergis. (2015). Principles of Business and Corporate Law, Malaysia. 2nd ed. CCH: Singapore

Further Reference Text

- 1. Chan Wai Meng. (2014). Company Law in Malaysia. 2nd ed. Cengage Learning Asia Pte Ltd: Singapore
- 2. Shanthy Rachangan, Janine Pascoe, Anil Joshi. (2010). Concise Principles of Company Law in Malaysia. 2nd ed. LexisNexis:

READING LIST - BUSINESS LAW

- 1. Loganathan Krishnan, Parimaladevi Rajoo & Anne Chrishanthani Vergis. (2015). Principles of Business and Corporate Law, Malaysia. 2nd ed. CCH: Singapore.
- 2. Abdul Majid and Krishnan Arjunan. (2014). Business Law in Malaysia. 2nd ed. LexisNexis: Petaling Jaya
- 3. Trakic, A., Andrews, P.L., Ramasamy, N., Sum, C.Y., Murugan, S.B., Pullikutthyayanar, V., and Chandran, K., (2014), Law for Business, Sweet & Maxwell Asia (Thomson Reuters): Subang Jaya
- 4. Wu Min Aun and Beatrix Vohrah. (2000). The Commercial Law of Malaysia. 2nd ed. Longman: Kuala Lumpur.
- 5. Lee Mei Pheng, Ivan Jeron Detta. (2005). General Principles of Malaysian Law. 5th ed. Oxford Fajar: Kuala Lumpur
- 6. Visu Sinnadurai. (1999). Law of Contract in Malaysia, Cases and Commentary. 2nd ed. Butterworths: Kuala Lumpur, 5th Impression.
- 7. Syed Ahmad Alsagoff. (2010). Principle of the Law of Contract in Malaysia. 3rd ed. LexisNexis: Petaling Jaya
- 8. Abdul Majid and Krishnan Arjunan. (2016). Sale of Goods Law in Malaysia. Sweet & Maxwell: Subang Jaya
- 9. Samsar Kamar Latif. (2008). Partnership Law in Malaysia. International Law Book Services: Kuala Lumpur
- 10. Salleh Buang. (2001). Malaysian Law on Hire-Purchase. 2nd ed. Sweet & Maxwell: Subang Jaya

FINAL LEVEL REVENUE LAW

OBJECTIVE:

To examine the understanding, interpretation and application of legal issues and case law decisions and the provisions of the income tax statutes.

- 1. To understand the legal basis of the various tax issues
- 2. To apply case law principles in a given tax scenario to argue a case.
- 3. To compare and contrast conflicting case law decisions
- 4. To critically evaluate tax issues of form vs substances and deliberation of issues by the court

CONTENTS:

The following topics below are to be studied with reference to legal issues and case laws. Students are required to study the relevant cases listed in the *List of Tax Cases* provided below.

(A) The Basis of Malaysian Taxation

- 1. Scope of charge-derived scope, world scope and its advantages and disadvantage
- 2. Derivation of Income Section 3 of the Income Tax Act ("the Act")
- 3. Classes of Income Section 4, 4A, 4B and 4C of the Act

(B) Employment Income:

- 1. Determination of residence of individuals
- 2. Distinctions between profession and employment
- 3. Meaning of having or exercising an employment
- 4. Derivation of employment income
- 5. Gross income from employment
- 6. Deductible expenses
- 7. Exemptions

(C) Business Income

- 1. Business, trading and adventure in the nature of trade:
- 2. Meaning of adventure or concern in the nature of trade
- 3. Badges of trade
- 4. Mutual trading
- 5. Illegal activities issues of law, ethics, moral and revenue considerations

(D) Partnerships & Trusts

- 1. Legal aspects of Partnership and Trust
- 2. Types of partners
- 3. Legal existence of partnerships
- 4. Tax aspects

(E) Capital and Revenue Expenditure

- 1. The Capital/Revenue distinction and related case laws
- 2. Deductible expenses (general rule and specific provisions)
- 3. Disallowed expenses

(F) Deductions for Capital Expenditure

- 1. The law on Capital Allowances and Charges:
 - a. Definition of qualifying capital expenditure on plant and machinery
 - b. Special cases
- 2. Controlled sales:
- 3. Industrial Building Allowances (IBA):
 - a. Legal Definition of industrial building and activities that do not fall within the definition manufacturing, processing and processing
 - b. Study of litigated cases.
- 4. Reinvestment Allowance Intention of granting the allowances, principles and practice, study of recent cases on the related issues

(G) Companies and bodies of persons

- 1. Legal criteria in residence status and its significance for taxation
- 2. Transfer pricing and the rights of relevant countries to tax income
- 3. Anti-avoidance provisions Court deliberations on form vs substances

(H) Dividends, Interest, Royalties, Annuities, Rents, Premiums, Discounts, Periodical Gains and Other Gains or Profits

- 1. Case law principles
- 2. Basis of assessment
- 3. Derivation
- 4. Gross income
- 5. Adjusted income
- 6. Exemptions

(I) Real Property Gains Tax

- 1. Principles and scope of charge
- 2. Chargeable assets (including leases & options) and persons
- 3. Exemptions
- 4. Computation of chargeable gains and allowable losses
- 5. Tax rates
- 6. Circumstances of 'disposal price deemed equal to acquisition price' & 'no loss & no gains' treatment
- 7. Connected persons
- 8. Circumstances to apply market value
- 9. Conditional contract
- 10. Returns and assessments
- 11. Payment and recovery of tax
- 12. Responsibilities of disposer/acquirer
- 13. Consequences of non-compliance
- 14. Real property company (RPC)

(J) Double Taxation Agreements and the Legal Principles

- 1. Double taxation and the role of tax conventions;
- 2. Purpose of tax treaties and avoidance of double taxation;
- 3. Concept of residence;
- 4. Permanent establishment;
- 5. Taxation of business profits;
- 6. Taxation of interest;
- 7. Taxation of royalties;
- 8. Taxation of dependent personal services;
- 9. Taxation of other income.

(K) Returns, assessment and appeals

- 1. Tax returns-Statutory duty of taxpayer and failure to submit tax returns
- 2. Assessments Time bar assessments, service of notice
- 3. Penalties
- 4. Appeals
 - a. Special commissioners of Income Tax
 - b. Relief for error or mistakes
 - c. Fraud and time barred
- (L) Collection and recovery legal aspects, conflict between payment and appeal against tax
 - 1. Liability to pay and the application of Section 103 of the Act
 - 2. Tax installments
 - 3. Recovery of unpaid tax and the application Section 106 of the Act
 - 4. Prevention from leaving Malaysia
 - 5. Withholding tax

READING LIST – REVENUE LAW

- 1. Income Tax Act 1967. (as amended)
- 2. Public Rulings and Operational Guidelines
- 3. Veerinderjeet Singh. Veerinder on Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 4. Choong Kwai Fatt. Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 5. Choong Kwai Fatt. Advanced Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 6. DP Naban, S Saravana Kumar, Siti Fatimah Mohd Shahrom. **Malaysia and Singapore Tax Cases Digest**. (Latest edition)
- 7. Kasipillai, Jeyapalan. A Guide to Malaysian Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 8. Richard Thornton. **Thornton's Malaysian Tax Commentaries.** (Latest edition)
- 9. CCH Tax Editors. Malaysian Master Tax Guide. (Latest edition)
- 10. Tax Guardian, Journal of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia
- 11. List of Tax Cases

Revenue Law – *List of cases*

Content	List of cases
(A)	Scope of charge
	i) Dickinson v Abel 45 TC 353
The Basis of Malaysian	ii) Van den Berghs Ltd v Clark 19 TC 390
Taxation	iii) CIR v British Salmson Aero Engines Ltd (1938) 2 KB 482
	iv) CIT, Bengal v Shaw Wallace & Co (1932) 6 ITC 178
	v) Mamor Sdn Bhd v DGIR (1981) 1 MLJ 117 (HC)
	Derivation of Income
	i) OA Pte Ltd v KPHDN (1996) MSTC 2286
	ii) Willingale v International Commercial Bank Ltd 52 TC 242 (HL)
	iii) ROD Co Ltd v DGIR (1990) 1 MSTC 422
	iv) GBH v Ketua Pengarah Jabatan Hasil Dalam Negeri (1994) 2
	MSTC 579
	v) KPHDN v Aneka Jasaramai Ekspress Sdn Bhd (2005) MSTC 4,095
	vi) Kyros International Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2013) MSTC 30-056
	Classes of Income
	i) American Leaf Blending Co Sdn Bhd v DGIR (1950-1985) MSTC 33
	ii) DGIR v Pan Century Edible Oils Sdn Bhd (1998) MSTC 3675
	iii) GDPD Factory Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (1995) 2 MSTC 2264
	iv) CKB Ltd v KPHDN (1996) MSTC 2695
	v) SSBA v Minister of Finance (2001) MSTC 3851
	vi) Avos (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2010) MSTC 30-019
	vii) Petronas Penapisan (Terengganu) Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2014)
	MSTC 30-078
	viii) PCMSB v KPHDN (2016) MSTC 10-056
(B)	Determination of residence of individuals
	i) RAS & PAS v KPHDN (1997) MSTC 2933
Employment Income	ii) KPHDN v Richard Allen Sonnet & Anor (1998) MSTC 3714 (HC)
	iii) DGIR v Dr AMAQ (1998) 1 MSTC 3,068
	iv) National Land Finance Co-operative v DGIR (1993) 2 AMR 52
	v) LCC v KPHDN (2000) MSTC 3,381
	Distinctions between Profession and employment
	i) AMC Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2004) MSTC 3595
	ii) Hall v Lorimer 66 TC 349
	iii) Collins v Hertfordshire County Council and Another (1947) KB 598
	iv) S Sdn Bhd v DGIR (1995) 2 MSTC 3,440
	v) FY v DGIR (1988) 1 MSTC 288
	 Meaning of having or exercising an employment i) DM v KPHDN (2001) MSTC 3215
	 I) DM v KPHDN (2001) MSTC 3215 ii) NYK & Anor v Comptroller of Income Tax (2001) MSTC 5297
	iii) X, Trustee of the Estate of Y (Deceased) v CIT States of Malaya
	(1967) 2 MLJ 166
	iv) Calvert vs. Wainwright (27 TC 475)
	v) Herbert vs. Mc Quade (4 TC 489)
	vi) Cooper vs. Blackiston (5 TC 347)
	Derivation of employment income
	i) GBH v Ketua Pengarah Jabatan Hasil Dalam Negeri (1994) 2
	MSTC 579
	ii) St Aubyn (LM) & Others v AG (No. 2) (1951) 2 All ER 473
	iii) Pritchard v Arundale 47 TC 680
	iv) Hochstrasser v Mayes (1960) AC 376

	Gross income from employment
	i) H v Comptroller of Inland Revenue (1974) 2 MLJ 135
	ii) AJHH v KPHDN (2008) MSTC 3,699
	iii) Suasana Indah Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2006) MSTC 4,208
	iv) KPHDN v Dato' Hanifah Noordin (2003) MSTC 4007
	v) KPHDN v Abdul Jalil bin Haji Hassan (2010) MSTC 30-009
	Deductible expenses
	i) DGIR v LTS (1974) 1 MLJ 187 (HC)
	ii) Ralli Estates Ltd v CIT (1961) 1 WLR 329 (PC)
	iii) Aspac Lubricants (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2007) MSTC
	4,271
	iv) Commissioner for Inland Revenue v Lo & Lo (1984) 1 WLR 986
	v) DGIR v KFY Co Ltd (1990) 1 MSTC 2,147
	Exemptions
	i) Frank Edward Noah v KPHDN (1998) 4 MLJ 205 (HC)
	ii) Ho Soon Guan v KPHDN (2002) MSTC 3887
	iii) H v Comptroller of Inland Revenue (1974) 2 MLJ 138
(C)	Meaning of adventure or concern in the nature of trade
	i) CIR v Maxse (CA 12 TC 41)
Business Income	ii) FY v DGIR (1988 1 MSTC 278)
	iii) Patridge v Mallandaine (HL 2 TC 179)
	iv) Billam v Griffith (23 TC 757)
	v) CIR v The Forth Conservancy Board (16 TC 103) (HL)
	vi) E v Comptroller General of inland Revenue [1970] 2 MLJ 177 (FC)]
	vii) Lim Foo Yong Sdn Bhd v CGIR [1986] 2 MLJ 161
	viii) Smith v Anderson [(1880) 15 Ch D 258] DEF v CIT (Singapore)
	[(1961) 21 MLJ 55]
	ix) Hesketh Estate Ltd v Craddock (25 TC 7)
	 x) Ransom v Higgs [(1974) STC 539] xi) CIR v Forth Conservancy Board [(HIL) 16 TC 03]
	xii) Aditya Mills v Union of India [(1989) 73 STC 195]
	xiii) Leeming v Jones [(1930) 15 TC 333]
	Badges of Trade
	i) Lower Perak Co-operative Housing Society Bhd v Ketua Pengarah
	Hasil Dalam Negeri [(1994) 2 MLJ 713 SC]
	ii) Rutledge v CIR [(1929) 14 TC 490]
	iii) Cooke v Haddock (39 TC 64)
	iv) Mount Elizabeth (Pte) Ltd v Comptroller of Income Tax [(1987) 2
	MLJ 130 (HC)]
	v) Wisdom v Chamberlain [(1968) 2 All ER 714]
	vi) Pickford v Quirke [13 TC 251]
	vii) Cape Brandy Syndicate v I.R. Commissioners (12 TC 358)
	viii) ALB Co Sdn Bhd v DGIR [1979] 1 MLJ 1 (PC)
	ix) International Investment Ltd v CGIR CGIR [1975] 2 MLJ 208 (FC)
	x) Martin v Lowry (11 TC 297)
	xi) KLE Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri [(1995) 2
	MSTC 2,245]
	xii) Bukit Yew Sdn Bhd v Director General Of Inland Revenue [1987] 2
	MLJ 379
	xiii) SL Sdn Bhd v DGIR (1988) MSTC 198 (Sp Comm)
	xiv) California Copper Syndicate v Harris [(1904) 5 TC 159]
	xv) Kirkham v Williams [(1989) STC 333]
	xvi) SCL v CIT [(1991) 1 MSTC 5,032]

	xvii)	Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Penang Reality Sdn Bhd [(2006) 3 MLJ 597] [(2007) 1 AMR 21] [(2006) 2 CLJ 835 (CA)]
	xviii)	F Housing Sdn Bhd v Director General of Inland Revenue [(1976) 2 MLJ 183]
	xix)	Penang Reality Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri [(2006) MSTC 4,256]
	xx)	Simmons v IRC [(1980) 1 WLR 1196 (HL)]
	xxi)	Alf Properties Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri
	,	[(2005) MSTC 4,155]
	xxii)	CGIR v LFY Sdn Bhd [(1983) 1 MLJ 43 (FC)]
	xxiii)	Steven v Hudson Bay Co.
	xxiv)	HCM v DGIR [(1993) 2 MSTC 539]
	Mutual	
	i) ii)	Styles v New York Life Insurance Co. (2 TC 460) Municipal Mutual Insurance Ltd v Hills (16 TC 430)
	ii) iii)	National Association Of Local Government Officers v Watkins (18
	,	TC 506)
	iv)	English and Scottish Joint Co-operative Wholesale Society v Assam
		Agriculture Income Tax Commissioner [(1948) AC 405]
	V)	Glasgow Corporation Water Commissioners v Miller (2 TC 131)
	vi)	Carlisle and Silloth Golf Club v Smith (6 TC 48)
	vii)	Ayshire Employees Mutual Insurance Association Ltd v CIR [HL
	<u>Illegal A</u>	(1946) 27 TC 33] ctivities
	i)	Mann v Nash (16 TC 523)
	ii)	Hayes v Duggan [SC (I) 1928]
	iii)	Southern v A.B. [(1933) 18 TC 59]
	iv)	Lindsay, Woodward & Hiscox v CIR (18 TC 43)
(D)	-	ship & Trusts
Partnerships & Trusts	i)	K.A Abdul Gaffar v R.E. Mohd Kassim [(1931-1932) FMS Law Rep19]
	ii)	SK v Ketua Pengarah (1996) MSTC 2670 (Sp Comm)
	iii)	John Gardner and Bowring Hardy & Co Ltd v CIR (15 TC 602)
	iv)	Dickenson v Gross (11 TC 614)
	V)	C.I.R v Williamson (14 TC 335)
	vi) vii)	Fenston v Johnstone (23 TC 29) Comptroller of Income Tax v GB Roche [(1951 MLJ 87]
	viii)	Re A (1953) FB XII
	TI	
(E)		ital and revenue distinction Atherton v British Insulated and Helsby Cables Ltd
Capital and Revenue	i) ii)	Vallambrosa Rubber Co Ltd v Farmer
Expenditure	iii)	John Smith and Son v Moore
	iv)	Mitchel v B W Noble Ltd
	v)	Tucker v Granada Motorways Services Ltd
	vi)	CIR v Carron Company
	vii)	Anglo Persian Oil Co Ltd v Dale
	viii)	The Sun Newspaper Ltd v The Federal Commissioner of Taxation
	ix)	Broken Hill Theatres Pty Ltd v The Federal Commissioner of
	x)	Taxation CIR v The Granite City Steamship Co Ltd
	^)	
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		ble expense (general expenses and specific provisions)
	i)	UHG v Director General of Inland Revenue
	ii)	Port Elizabeth Electric Tramway Co Ltd v CIR
	iii)	Ward & Co Ltd v CIT
	iv)	RB Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	v)	Andermatt Investments Pte Ltd v CIT
	vi)	SS construction Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri
		• •
	vii)	Ben Odeco Ltd v Powlson
	viii)	Avos (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	ix)	Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Multi-Purpose Holdings Bhd
	x)	Syarikat Pukin Ladang Kelapa Sawit Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	xi)	The Law Shipping Co Ltd v CIR
	xii)	Odeon Associated Theatres Ltd v Jones
	xiii)	Lurcott v Wakely and Wheeler
	xiv)	Bulcroft Main Collieries Ltd v O'Grady Samuel Jones & Co v CIR
	xv)	The North Borneo Timber Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri
	xvi)	Reynolds & Gibson v Crompton
	xvii)	Reid's Brewery Co Ltd v Male
	xviii)	English Crown Spelter Co Ltd v Baker
	xix)	Charles Marsden & Sons Ltd v CIR
	XXX)	Allen v Farquharson Brothers & Co
	xxi)	CIR v Alexander von Glehn
	,	CIR v EC Warnes & Co Ltd
	xxii)	
	xxiii)	Curtis v J & C Oldfield Ltd
		ved expenses
	i)	Mallalieu v Drummond
	ii)	Piramid Intan Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	iii)	UDI Sdn Bhd v DGIR
	iv)	NV Alliance Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	v)	Ketua Pengarah HDN v Eli Lili (M) Sdn Bhd
	vi)	Ampat Tin Dredging Ltd v DGIR
	vii)	Sharikat KM Bhd v DGIR
	viii)	FCD Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	ix)	Fenrite Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
(F)	<u>Capital</u>	allowances and charges
		Yarmouth v France
Deductions for Capital	ii)	Daphne v Shaw
Expenditure	iii)	Dixon v Fitch Garage
	iv)	Thomas v Reynolds
	v)	Leeds v Permanent Building Society v Proctor
		Cooke v Beach Station Caravan Ltd
	vi)	
	vii)	MSDC Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah HDN
	viii)	Benson v Yard Arm club Sdn Bhd
	ix)	Jerrold v John Good & Sons Ltd
	x)	J Lyons & Co Ltd v Attorney General
	xi)	CIR v Scottish & Newcastle Breweries Ltd
	xii)	Ketua Pengarah HDN v Tropiland Sdn Bhd
	xiii)	Ketua Pengarah HDN v OKA Concrete Industries Sdn Bhd
	xiv)	DGIR v Teo Tuan Kwee
	Controlle	ed sales
	i)	SEOD Co S. A v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri

	Industrial building allowance	
	Industrial building allowance	
	i) DGIR v C company of Malaysia Bhd	
	ii) SMT Sdn Bhd v DGIR	
	iii) Vibroplant Ltd v Holland	
	iv) Bourne v Norwich Crematorium Ltd	
	v) Kilmarnock Equitable Co-operative Society Ltd v CIR	
	vi) CIR v Lambhill Ironworks Ltd	
	vii) Abbot Laboratories Ltd v Carmody	
	Reinvestment allowance	
	 Success Electronics and Transformer Manufacturer Sdn Bhd (2 MSTC 30-039 	2012)
	ii) Syarikat Kion Hoong Cooking Oil Mills Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2 MSTC 30-006	2010)
		001
		091
	iv) Penfabric Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2013) MSTC 30-069	
	v) KPHDN v Firgos (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd (2013) MSTC 30-065	
	vi) KPHDN v Kualiti Alam (2017) MSTC 30-139	10
	vii) KPHDN v Marigold Industries (M) Sdn Bhd (2016) MSTC 30-1	
	viii) Opto Sensors Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2016) MSTC 30-121 (2	2012)
	MSTC 30-039	• • • •
	ix) KPHDN v Bintulu Lumber Development Sdn Bhd (2016) MST	C 30-
	119	
(G)	Residence status: Companies & bodies of persons	
	i) The Cesena Sulphur Co. Ltd v Nicholson (1 TC 88).	
Companies and bodies of	ii) The Calcutta Jute Mills Co. Ltd v Nicholson (1 TC 83).	
persons	iii) Swedish Central Railway Co Lts v Thompson (9 TC 342).	
	iv) BW Noble Ltd v Mitchell (11 TC372).	
	 v) De Beers Consolidated Mines Ltd v Howe (5 TC 198). 	
	vi) Union Corporation Ltd v CIR (34 TC 207)	
	vii) Waterloo Pastoral Co Ltd v FCT (3 AITR 329).	
	viii) The North Australian Pastoral Co Ltd v FCT (3 AITR 314)	
	ix) Koitaki Para Rubber Estates v CIT (2 AITR 136).	
	 x) Bullock v The Unit Construction Co Ltd (38 TC 712). 	
	xi) Stanley v The Gramophone and typewriter Ltd (5 TC 358).	
	xii) American Thread Co. V Joyce (6 TC 1).	
	xiii) Todd v Egyptian Delta land & Investment Co. Ltd (14 TC 119).	
	Transfer pricing	
	i) Philips Software Centre (P) Ltd v ACIT [(2008) 26 SOT 226 (Ba	ang)].
	ii) UCB India Private Ltd v ACIT (2009)[TS-8-ITAT-2009(Mum)TF	2
	iii) DSG Retail Ltd v HMRC [2010] UKFTT 12 (TC).	
	iv) Sony India v DCIT [2008] 114 ITD 448 (Delhi).	
	v) E-Gain Communication v ITO [2008] 23 SOT 385 (Pune).	
	vi) MM Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2013) MSTC 10-046	
	Anti-Avoidance	
	i) CIT v A.B. Estate [1967] 1 M.L.J. 89.	
	ii) C.E.C. v CIT [1971] 2 M.L.J. 43.	
	iii) Lahat Datu Timber Sdn Bhd v DGIR [(1981) 2 M.L.J. 97].	
	iv) Sabah Berjaya Sdn Bhd v KPHDN [(2000) MSTC 3771].	
	v) CIR v Challenge Corporation Ltd [(1986) STC 548].	
	vi) SBP Sdn Bhd v DGIR [(1988) 1 MSTC 243].	
	vii) YEHHSB v KPHDN [(2010) MSTC 10-007].	
	viii) Port Dickson Power Bhd v KPHDN [(2010) MSTC 30-045].	
	ix) SPS v KPHDN [(2011) MSTC 10-030].	
	x) Penny and Hooper v CIR [(2011) NZSC 95].	
L		

	 xi) AQQ v The Controller of Income Tax ([2011] SGITBR 1). xii) IRC v Duke of Westminster [1936] AC 1. xiii) DGIR v Hup Cheong Tomber Sdn Bhd [(1985) 2 M.L.J.]. xiv) Syarikat Ibraco-Peremba Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2014) MSTC 30-084. xv) Ensco Gerudi Sdnbhd v KPHDN (2016) MSTC 30-131 xvi) KPHDN v Bee Garden Sdn Bhd (2014) MSTC 30-077 xvii) Bandar Utama City Corporation Sdn Bhd v. DGIR (1999) MSTC 3725
(H)	Dividend
(II) Dividends, Interest, Royalties, Annuities, Rents, Premiums, Discounts, Periodical Gains and Other Gains or Profits	 IRC v Trustees of Joseph Reid (Deceased) (30 TC 431). IRC v Trustees of Joseph Reid (Deceased) (30 TC 431). IRC v Trustees of Joseph Reid (41 TC 1). IRC v Blott (8 TC 101). Hill v Permanent Trustee Company of New South Wales [(1930) AC 720]. Pool v The Guardian Investment Trust Co Ltd (8 TC 167). CIR v Burrel (9 TC 27). CIR v Greenwood (8 TC 101). TPT v DGIR [(1988) 1 MSTC 2058]. Interest CIR v Thomas Nelson & Sons Ltd (22 TC 175). Lomax v Peter Dixon & Co Ltd (25 TC 353). Westminster Bank v Riches (28 TC 159). Voschulze v Bensted (7 TC 30). Davies v Premier Investment Co Ltd (27 TC 27). Westminster Bank v Riches (28 TC 159). Vi) Schulze v Bensted (7 TC 30). Davies v Premier Investment Co Ltd (27 TC 27). Hewetson v Carlyle (27 TC 27). Revenson v Carlyle (27 TC 27). CIR v Ballantine (8 TC 595). Viii) Avos (M) Sdn Bhd v KPHDN [(2010) MSTC 30-019]. I (M) Sdn Bhd v KPHDN [(2010) MSTC 30-019]. I (M) Sdn Bhd v KPHDN [(2011) MSTC 10-015]. Royalties Constantinesco v Rex (11 TC 73). Mills v Jones (14 TC 769). CIR v British Salmson Aero Engines Ltd (22 TC 29). Vi) Jeffery v Rolls Royce Ltd (40 TC 443). Evans Medical Supplies Ltd v Moriarty (37 TC 540). CIR v Longmans Green & Co (17 TC 272). Vii) Lucent Technologies International Inc v DCIT (2009 TIOL 161 ITAT Delhi). Annuities Foley v Fletcher [(1843-60) All ER Rep 953]. The Trustee of the Will of HK Brodie v CIR (17 TC 432). Dott v Brown [(1936) 1 All ER 543]. Sir Andrew Scoble & Others v The Secretary of States of India (4 TC 618). CIR v Carporation of London (34 TC 293).
	 i) EK Sdn Bhd v DGIR [1977] 2 M.L.J. 263. ii) Syarikat KM Bhd v DGIR [1972] 1 M.L.J. 224. iii) ALB Co Sdn Bhd v DGIR [1979] 1 M.L.J. 1. iv) P Securities Sdn Bhd v DGIR [(1995) 2 MSTC 2256].

	i) Lomax v Peter Dixon & Co Ltd (25 TC 353).
	 i) Lomax v Peter Dixon & Co Ltd (25 TC 353). ii) The National Provident Institution v Brown (8 TC 57).
	iii) Torren v CIR (18 TC 262).
	iv) Willingale v International Commercial Bank Ltd (52 TC 242).
(1)	Real Property Gains Tax
Bool Bronorty Coine Tex	i) ALF Properties Sdn Bhd V KPHDN (2005) MSTC 4,155
Real Property Gains Tax	 ii) Binastra Holdings Sdn Bhd V KPHDN (2000) MSTC 3,897 iii) KPHDN V The Pataling Rubber Estates Ltd (2011) MSTC 30-031
	iv) LCW V DGIR (1950-1985) MSTC 171
	, (,
	v) Lower Perak Co-operative Housing Society Bhd V DGIR (1994)
	MSTC 3,407
	vi) M Corporation Sdn Bhd V KPHDN (1998) MSTC 2,983
	vii) Mount Pleasure Corporation Sdn Bhd V KPHDN (2005) MSTC 4,151
	viii) Multi Purpose Holdings Bhd V KPHDN (2006) MSTC 4,218
	ix) MR Properties Sdn Bhd V KPHDN (2005) MSTC 4,119
	x) PPH V DGIR (1988) 1 MSTC 293
	xi) Teruntum Theatre V DGIR (2006) MSTC 4,250
	xii) Yong MF V KPHDN (2003) MSTC 3,503
	xiii) Yoon Lian Realty Sdn Bhd V DGIR (1994) MSTC 3,377 xiv) Bee Garden Sdn Bhd v DGIR
	xv) Mudek Sdn Bhd v DGIR
	Dauble Tauation Agreements
(J)	i) WW(S) Pte Ltd V DGIR (1988) 1 MSTC 2104
Double Taxation	ii) TGRM V KPHDN (2015) MSTC 10-048
Agreements and the Legal	iii) OA Pte Ltd V KPHDN (1996) MSTC 2,752
Principles	iv) SGSS (Pte) Ltd V KPHDN (1998) MSTC 2,997
	v) LHDN V Alam Maritim (M) Sdn Bhd (2013) MSTC 30-068
	vi) KPHDN V Thomson Reuters Global Resources (2016) MSTC 30-
	124
	vii) KPHDN V Teraju Sinar Sdn Bhd (2014) MSTC 30-080
	viii) Damco Logistic Malaysia Sdn Bhd V KPHDN (2011) MSTC 30-033
	ix) Esso Production Malaysia Inc. V KPHDN (2003) MSTC 4,016
	x) KPHDN V Alcatel-Lucent Malaysia Sdn Bhd & Anor (2016) MSTC
	30-134
	xi) KPHDN V Mudah.my Sdn Bhd (2017) MSTC 30-137
	xii) KPHDN V Nilai Cipta Sdn Bhd (2012) MSTC 30-043
	xiii) DGIR v Euromedical Industries Ltd (1950-1985) MSTC 256
	xiv) Hock Heng Company Sdn Berhad v DGIR [1979] 1 LNS 30
	xv) UOB Ltd v KPHDN (1997) MSTC 3632
(K)	Statutory duty of taxpayor
(K)	<u>Statutory duty of taxpayer</u> i) Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Lai Keng Chong & Anor
Returns, assessment and	(2012) MSTC 30-042
appeals	ii) CIT v Cheng Poh Seng [(1952) 18 MLJ 81]
	Failure to submit tax return
	i) Public Prosecutor v Choo Swee Huat (1950-1985) MSTC 292
	ii) Public Prosecutor v Lee Seng Seh (1950-1985) MSTC 311

iii)	Public Prosecutor v Oh Teng Kim (f) [(1975) 3 MTJ 61]
iv)	Public Prosecutor v Mohd Isa bin Din
v) Time ba	Choon Shin Cheong v. Public Prosecutor (1995) 2 MSTC 3,446 arred assessments
i)	Society of La Salle Brothers v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2017) MSTC 30-135
ii)	Infraquest Sdn Bhd v KPHDN (2016) MSTC 30-133
iii)	Pensonic Sales & Services Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri
iv)	Government of Malaysia v GCL & Anor
V)	DD Dev Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2008) MSTC 3, 726
vi)	EMSB v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2010) MSTC 10-004
vii)	PSSSB v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2010) MSTC 10-009
viii)	Integrated Credit & Leasing Sdn Bhd v Kerajaan Malaysia [(2009) MSTC 4,371]
ix)	USS Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri [(2009) MSTC 3,833]
	of notice Karaisan Malaysia y Sun City Davalanment Sdn Bhd [2007] AMTC
I)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Sun City Development Sdn Bhd [2007] AMTC 171
ii)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Kemayan Bina Sdn Bhd [(2008) MSTC 4334]
iii)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Neraca Untung Sdn Bhd [(2009) MSTC 4,452]
iv)	Wong Kuok Ming v Government of Malaysia (2009) MSTC 4,431 Kerajaan Malaysia v Syarikat Muliajaya Sdn Bhd (2010) MSTC 30-
v)	017
vi)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Saratoga Sdn Bhd (2008) MSTC 4,343
	commissioners of Income Tax
I)	Malayan United Industries Berhad v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri & Kerajaan Malaysia (2005) MSTC 4,192
ii)	Ketua Pengarah Jabatan Hasil Dalam Negeri v Rheem (Far East) Pte Ltd 1998 2 CLJ supp 351
iii)	Comptroller of Income Tax v BC Co Ltd [1966] 1 MLJ 287
iv)	Ngee Tai Shipping Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2008) MSTC 4,308
V)	Ketua Pengarah Jabatan Hasil Dalam Negeri v Dr Arunjit Dutt (1995) 2 MSTC 3454
vi)	Meton Properties Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (1998) MSTC 3691
vii)	SL Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2000) MSTC 3830
viii)	Director General of inland Revenue v TCM (1988) 1 MSTC 3,006
ix)	Lower Perak Co-operative Housing Society Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (1994) 2 MSTC 3,406
x)	Edwards v Bairstow and Harrison [1956] AC 14
xi)	Chua Lip Kong v Director-General of Inland Revenue [1982] 1 CLJ 398
xii)	LFY Sdn Bhd v Comptroller General of Inland Revenue (1988) 1 MSTC 3059
xiii)	Norman v Golder 26 TC 293

	Delief f	or orror or mistaka
	i)	<u>or error or mistake</u> J Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (1999) MSTC
	1)	3037
	ii)	AQP v Comptroller of Income Tax (2011) MSTC 70-011
(L)	Liability	to pay
	i)	Government of Malaysia v TCS (1989) 1 MSTC 3,089
Collection and recovery –	ii)	AP v Government of Malaysia (1950-1985) MSTC 224
legal aspects, conflict	iii)	Lim Tian Huat v KPHDN [(2003) MSTC 3998]
between payment and	Recover	ry of unpaid tax
appeal against tax	i)	SMT Co Ltd v Government of Malaysia (1950-1985) MSTC 136
	ii)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Abdul Rahim Mohd Aki (1995) 2 MSTC 3,437
	iii)	Government of Malaysia v Dato' Mahindar Singh (1996) MSTC 3,515
	iv)	Connaught Housing Development Sdn Bhd v Kerajaan Malaysia [2003] 8 CLJ 144
	V)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Sun City Development Sdn Bhd (2007) MSTC 4,269
	vi)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Kemayan Bina Sdn Bhd (2008) MSTC 4,334
	vii)	Integrated Credit & Leasing Sdn Bhd v Kerajaan Malaysia (2009) MSTC 4,371
	viii)	The Government of Malaysia v Kamawang Enterprise Sdn Bhd (2009) MSTC 4,455
	ix)	Kerajaan Malaysia v Promet (Langkawi) Resort Sdn Bhd & Anor (2012) MSTC 30-051
	x)	Kerajaan Malaysia v United Axis Sdn Bhd (2009) MSTC 4,425
		ion from leaving malaysia
	i)	TCY v The Government of Malaysia & Ors (1994) 2 MSTC 3,373
	ii)	Lim Moon Heng @ Lim Boon Siang v The Government of Malaysia
	:::)	& Anor (2002) MSTC 3957
	iii)	Ong Bee Yam v pengarah Hasil dalam Negeri, Sarawak & Anor (2003) MSTC 3979
	iv)	Goh Eng Hwa v Ketua Pengarah Lembaga Hasil Dalam Negeri & Satu Lagi (2008) MSTC 4,348
	V)	Ronald Beadle v Hamzah HM Saman & Ors (2008) MSTC 4,275
	vi) Withhold	Hamzah HM Saman & 2 Ors v Ronald Beadle (2010) MSTC 30-011
	i)	<u>ding Tax</u> Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Alcatel-Lucent Malaysia Sdn
	· · · ·	Bhd & Anor (2016) MSTC 30-134
	ii)	Lembaga Hasil Dalam Negeri Malaysia v Alam Maritim (M) Sdn Bhd
	,	(2013) MSTC 30-068
	iii)	Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Mudah.My Sdn Bhd (2017) MSTC 30-137
	iv)	WW (S) Pte Ltd v Director General of Inland Revenue (1988) 1 MSTC 2104
	V)	ES Pte Ltd v CTT Sdn Bhd (1989) 1 MSTC 3,075
	vi)	BPS Ltd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam negeri (1997) MSTC 2847
	vii)	Esso Production Malaysia Inc v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam
		Negeri (2008) MSTC 4,016
	viii)	TS Sdn Bhd v Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri (2008) MSTC
		3,707; Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Teraju Sinar Sdn Bhd (2014) MSTC 30-080
	ix)	Lembaga Hasil Dalam Negeri v Alam Maritim (M) Sdn Bhd (2012) MSTC 30-049

	 Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Alcatel Lucent Malaysia Sdn Bhd (2015) MSTC 31-101
×	 Ketua Pengarah Hasil Dalam Negeri v Damco Logistic Malaysia Sdn Bhd (2013)
x	 Ketua Pengarah Hasil dalam Negeri v Thomson Reuters Global Resources (2016) MSTC 30-124
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xiv	
X	

FINAL LEVEL ADVANCED TAXATION 2

OBJECTIVE:

To examine the ability to provide a comprehensive and practical response to specific tax issues.

CONTENTS:

- 1. The syllabus incorporates the knowledge studied in earlier taxation papers and further develop the understanding of advanced aspects of Malaysian taxation.
- 2. Questions would test on areas of taxes covered in Personal Taxation, Business Taxation, Advanced Taxation 1 and Revenue Law, as well as reports, letters or computations that a tax practitioner may encounter.
- 3. Candidates are required to demonstrate their understanding through application of tax knowledge, interpret and apply it to various scenarios and reporting where applicable.
- 4. Candidates are required to express clearly the tax implications and advice on the appropriate solutions to address the issues identified.
- 5. This paper comprises computational skills and interpreting the tax principles with a greater emphasis on the latter aspect.

(A) Double Deduction and Income Tax Incentives:

- 1. Double deduction for promotions of exports.
- 2. Double deduction for research expenditures.
- 3. Double deduction for approved training
- 4. Deduction for pre-commencement of business training expenses
- 5. Income Tax (Deduction for Cost Acquisition of Proprietary Rights) Rules 2002
- 6. Income tax (Allowance for Increased Export) Rules 1999
- 7. Tax incentives for export
- 8. Malaysian International Trading Company (MITC)

(B) Approved Service Sector (ASP)

- 1. Criteria in approving tax incentives for ASP
- 2. Income tax exemption
- 3. Investment allowance
- 4. Tax planning including profit exemption and investment allowance
- 5. Industrial building allowance
- 6. Duty exemption on machinery and materials
- 7. Double deduction on promotion of export services
- 8. Double deduction for R & D
- 9. Double deduction on training
- 10. Tax administration

(C) Multimedia Super Corridor (MSC)

- 1. Income tax exemptions
- 2. Investment tax allowance (ITA)
- 3. Industrial building allowance (IBA)
- 4. Duty-free importation of multimedia equipment
- 5. Research and development grants for local SMEs
- 6. Withholding tax exemptions
- 7. Non-financial incentives
- 8. Administration

(D) Principal Hub

- 1. Features
- 2. Incentives
- 3. Criteria
- 4. Additional Benefits

(E) Tax Incentives for Research and Development (R&D)

- 1. Application
- 2. Tax administration
- 3. Tax incentives for contract R&D, contributions to approved research institutes and in-house R&D.
- 4. Special deduction on approved research expenses, investment in subsidiary company undertaking commercialization of resource-based R&D findings.

(F) Field Audit and Understatement of Tax

- 1. Types of tax audit
- 2. Provision of reasonable facilities and assistance
- 3. Keeping of records
- 4. Understatement of tax
- 5. Directors' liabilities
- 6. Tax Audit Framework requirements.

(G) Back Duty Investigations

- 1. Matters that trigger off tax investigations
- 2. Test applied to discover tax evasion
- 3. Computation methods
- 4. Powers vested in the DGIR in investigation
- 5. Period of investigation and time bar
- 6. Reasonable care and responsibility of tax advisor
- 7. Offences and penalties
- 8. Anti-Money Laundering and Anti-Terrorism Financing and Proceeds of Unlawful Activities Act 2001 (AMLATFPUA) (as amended)
- 9. Tax avoidance and evasion Malaysian case laws and principles

(H) Tax Management for Companies

- 1. Commencement of business
- 2. Financing arrangement
- 3. Related party transactions
- 4. Disposal of assets
- 5. Controlled transfer and implications for disposer and acquirer
- 6. Distinction between business income and investment income
- 7. Investment income
- 8. Interest restriction
- 9. Investment strategy in a company Equity and debt financing

(I) Taxation for Company Reorganization, Reconstruction and Amalgamation

1. Stamp duty and RPGT relief /exemption

(J) Group Relief Companies

(K) Transfer pricing

- 1. Tax authorities' practice
- 2. Types of methodologies used in transfer pricing
- 3. Anti-avoidance
- 4. Transfer Pricing Guidelines.

(L) Stamp Duty

- 1. Legislation
- 2. Types of stamp duty
- 3. Instrument chargeable with duty
- 4. Stamp duty on transfer shares

(M) Tax Policies

- 1. Types of tax systems
- 2. Role of taxation in economic development
- 3. Design of tax policy
- 4. Tax reforms
- 5. Code of Ethics

(N) Sales and Service Tax (SST ACT)

1. Scope of sales tax

- a. Rates, taxable goods, thresholds;
- b. Registration;
- c. Taxable period;
- d. Furnishing of returns and payment of sales tax;
- e. Recovery of sales tax;
- f. Sales tax exemption;
- g. Refunds, drawback and remission;
- h. Special provisions relating to designated areas/special areas.

2. Scope of Service Tax

- a. Rates, taxable person, taxable service & threshold;
- b. Registration;
- c. Taxable periods & returns;
- d. Furnishing of returns and payment of service tax;
- e. Recovery of service tax;
- f. Exemption, refund and remission of service tax;
- g. Special provisions relating to designated areas/special areas.

(O) Double Taxation Agreements (DTA)

- 1. Double taxation and the role of tax conventions;
- 2. Purpose of tax treaties and avoidance of double taxation;
- 3. Concept of residence;
- 4. Permanent establishment;
- 5. Taxation of business profits;
- 6. Taxation of interest;
- 7. Taxation of royalties;
- 8. Taxation of technical fees;
- 9. Taxation of dependent personal services;
- 10. Taxation of other income.

(P) Investment Incentives for Specific Industry

- 1. Incentives for Services Sector under Income Tax Exemption under Section 127 and Investment Allowance under Schedule 7B
- 2. Allowance for Increased Exports
- 3. Malaysian International Trading Companies
- 4. Acquisition of Proprietary Rights
- 5. Acquisition of Foreign-Owned Companies
- 6. Incentives for Wellness Zones
- 7. Venture Capital
- 8. Single & Double Deductions

(Q) Professional Ethics

- 1. Form of practice and matters relating thereto
- 2. Obligations to clients and confidentiality
- 3. Matters relating to the affairs of new clients
- 4. Handling client work and all matters relating thereto
- 5. Charging for services
- 6. Matters giving rise to conflict of interest
- 7. Disclosures in tax returns, computations and correspondence with the Inland Revenue
- 8. Dealing with Inland Revenue errors in favor of taxpayers, tax evasion, tax avoidance and ethical/moral issues

(R) Digital Economy

- 1. E-Commerce Guidelines
- 2. Application of PE in the digital economy;
- 3. Source and residence rules application in digital economy;
- 4. New business models in digital economy as of the results of the evolution and expansion of information and communication technology (ICT) across the economy:
 - a. E-commerce including business-to-business (B2B), business-to-consumers (B2C) and consumer-to-consumer (C2C).
 - b. App stores;
 - c. Digital advertising;
 - d. Cloud computing

READING LIST – ADVANCED TAXATION 2

- 1. **Income Tax Act 1967.** (as amended)
- 2. **Promotion of Investments Act, 1986.** (as amended)
- 3. Public Rulings and Operational Guidelines.
- 4. Jeyapalan Kasipillai. A Guide to Malaysian Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 5. Choong Kwai Fatt. Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 6. Choong Kwai Fatt. Advanced Malaysian Taxation Principles & Practice. (Latest edition)
- 7. Veerinderjeet Singh. Veerinder on Taxation. (Latest edition)
- 8. Richard Thornton. Thornton's Malaysian Tax Commentaries. (Latest edition)
- 9. CCH Tax Editors. Malaysian Master Tax Guide. (Latest edition)
- 10. Arjunan Subramaniam. Malaysian Stamp Duty Handbook (Latest edition)
- 11. Arjunan Subramaniam. Subject Index of Principles of Revenue Law (Latest edition)
- 12. Tax Guardian, Journal of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia
- 13. Transfer Pricing Guidelines;
- 14. Tax Audit Framework
- 15. Tax Investigation Framework
- 16. Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) on of the "Base Erosion and profit Shifting" (BEPS) on Action 1- Tax Challenges Arising from Digitalisation-Interim Report 2018.

LIST OF QUALIFICATIONS EQUIVALENT TO STPM

- 1. Matriculation Courses conducted by Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia;
- 2. Science Course conducted by Pusat Asasi Sains, Universiti Malaya and
- 3. **Economics Matriculation** course conducted by Universiti Islam Antarabangsa or similar courses conducted by other Malaysian Institutions of Higher Learning.
- 4. Singapore and United Kingdom General Certificate of Examination,
- 5. **Advanced Level** (including Associated Examination Board (AEB) Examination), with results obtained in the same examination sitting.

The following examinations are also deemed equivalent to the STPM requirement provided the results obtained satisfy the admission requirement to a degree course offered by the recognised university in that country:

- 1. Australian or New Zealand High School Leaving Certificate Examination
- 2. South Australian Matriculation Examination
- 3. Canadian Grade 12 Program
- 4. Diploma in Banking & Finance from Institute of Bankers
- 5. Certificate of Business Studies from Polytechnic Ungku Omar or other Malaysian Polytechnics offering similar courses.
- 6. Diploma in Accounting from Malaysian Association of Productivity
- 7. Certificate in bookkeeping and Certificate in Data Processing from Polytechnic Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah or other Malaysian Polytechnics offering similar courses.
- 8. Certificate in Accounting with Business Computing from Kolej Tuanku Abdul Rahman
- 9. Certificate in Bookkeeping from Politeknik Kota Bharu or other Malaysian Polytechnics offering similar courses.
- 10. Diploma from Association of Business Executives
- 11. Licentiate/Associate/Fellow of Institute of Financial Accountants (UK) (only those who obtained membership through passing the IFA examination)
- 12. Third Level Group Diploma/Third Level Diploma in Business Studies/ Third Level Diploma in Managerial Principles from London Chamber of Commerce and Industry.
- 13. Unified Examinations Certificate from Chinese Independent Schools

Note:

- Applicants with any of the above qualifications must also satisfy the SPM requirements.
- The above list is not exhaustive.

LIST OF OTHER ENTRY LEVEL QUALIFICATIONS

- A non-relevant degree from local universities
- A degree from the National University of Singapore
- Bachelor of Accountancy from Nanyang Technological University, Singapore
- Diplomas from Universiti Teknologi MARA :
 - i. Advanced Diploma in Law
 - ii. Diploma in Accountancy
 - iii. Diploma in Business Studies
 - iv. Diploma in Banking Studies
 - v. Diploma in Investment Analysis
 - vi. Advanced Diploma in Business Administration
 - vii. Advanced Diploma in Insurance
 - viii. Diploma in Public Administration
 - ix. Diploma in Law
- Diploma in Accountancy from Politeknik Kuching/Politeknik Ungku Omar/ Politeknik Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah (POLISAS) or similar Malaysian Politechnics offering similar courses
- Graduate or associate member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators
- Associate member of the Association of International Accountants (UK) (only those who obtained membership through passing the examination)
- Associate of the Institute of Bankers London
- A degree from overseas universities recognised by the Council
- Member of the Institute of Cooperative Auditors (ICA) (only those who obtained membership through passing the ICA examination)
- Advanced Diploma from Association of Business Executives Applicants must also satisfy the MCE/SPM requirements)
- Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA)
- Member of US State Boards of Accountancy
- Accounting Diploma from Tuanku Abdul Rahman College

LIST OF RECOGNISED LOCAL INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING PURSUANT TO PART I FIRST SCHEDULE OF THE ACCOUNTS ACT 1967 (SECTIONS 14 AND 15)

- Diploma in Accounting from University of Malaya
- Bachelor of Accounting from University of Malaya
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia
- Advanced Diploma in Accountancy from MARA Institute of Technology
- Bachelor of Accounting from Universiti Teknologi MARA
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Utara Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Pertanian Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Putra Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Islam Antarabangsa
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Sains Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) (Information System) from Universiti Utara Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Tenaga Nasional-year 2002/2003 onwards
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Multimedia-year 2002/2003 onwards
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Malaysia Sabah
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Industri Selangor
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Sultan Zainal Abidin
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Sains Islam Malaysia
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from Universiti Tunku Abdul Rahman
- Bachelor of Accounting (Honours) from INTI International University
- Bachelor in Accountancy (Honours) from Management and Science University-session November 2010 onwards

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANCY BODIES RECOGNISED PURSUANT TO PART II FIRST SCHEDULE OF THE ACCOUNTANTS ACT 1967 SECTION 14(1) (b) &15(b) [AM. ACT A1099]

Full member of:

- Malaysian Association of Certified Public Accountants
- Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland
- Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales
- Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland
- Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (United Kingdom)
- Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia
- Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants
- New Zealand Chartered Accountants
- Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants
- Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
- Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (United Kingdom)